




2010 Crawford County Immunization Clinics

Immunizations for Diphtheria, Whooping Cough (pertussis) and Tetanus, Polio, Measles, Mumps, Rubella, HIB, Hepatitis B, Tdap, Pneumococcal Conjugate, HPV and Chickenpox will be offered at all the centers. Chickenpox vaccine is offered by appointment only, due to fragile nature of the vaccine. There are no charges for these immunizations. Please bring your child's previous immunization records to each clinic site. Tetanus-Diphtheria will be offered to adults free of charge at all centers.

<p align="center">GAYS MILLS Community Building ~ 3:00 – 4:00 p.m.</p> <p>Tuesdays</p> <p>January 19 March 16 May 18 July 20 September 21 November 16</p> 	<p align="center">SENECA Community Building ~ 4:00 – 5:00 p.m.</p> <p align="center">Tuesdays</p>  <p>February 16 April 20 June 15 August 17 October 19 December 21</p>
<p align="center">PRAIRIE DU CHIEN Crawford County Public Health 10:00 – 11:30 a.m. 225 N. Beaumont Road, Suite 306</p> <p>Thursdays</p> <p>January 21 February 18 March 18 April 15 May 20 June 17 July 15 August 19 September 16 October 21 November 18 December 16</p> 	<p align="center">PRAIRIE DU CHIEN Crawford County Public Health 3:30 – 5:30 p.m. 225 N. Beaumont Road, Suite 306</p> <p align="center">Mondays</p> <p>January 25 February 22 March 22 April 26 May 24 June 28 July 26 August 23 September 27 October 25 November 22 December ~ No clinic</p>

Crawford County Public Health Department

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Dear Parent(s) and Guardian(s):

Your children are so special. At Crawford County Public Health we would like to partner with you to help keep them healthy. We are including our 2009 Immunization Clinics for your convenience in ensuring that your child is current on his/her immunizations.

Crawford County Public Health is able to provide **free** immunizations to children ages 18 years of age and younger. Please feel free to contact our office if you have any questions. 608-326-0229 or 800-207-4774

Why are Childhood Vaccines So Important?

- It's true that newborn babies are immune to many diseases because they have antibodies they got from their mothers. However, the duration of this immunity may last only a month to about a year. Further, young children do not have maternal immunity against some vaccine-preventable diseases, such as whooping cough.
- If a child is not vaccinated and is exposed to a disease germ, the child's body may not be strong enough to fight the disease. Before vaccines, many children died from diseases that vaccines now prevent, such as whooping cough, measles, and polio. Those same germs exist today, but babies are now protected by vaccines, so we do not see these diseases as often.
- Immunizing individual children also helps to protect the health of our community, especially those people who are not immunized. People who are not immunized include those who are too young to be vaccinated (e.g., children less than a year old cannot receive the measles vaccine but can be infected by the measles virus), those who cannot be vaccinated for medical reasons (e.g., children with leukemia), and those who cannot make an adequate response to vaccination. Also protected, therefore, are people who received a vaccine, but who have not developed immunity. In addition, people who are sick will be less likely to be exposed to disease germs that can be passed around by unvaccinated children. Immunization also slows down or stops disease outbreaks.



Information from the Department of Health and Human Services Center for Disease Control and Prevention

<http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/vac-gen/importance.htm>